





2. Answer any six questions from the following:

2×6 = 12

- (a) What do you mean by abstract data type?
- (b) What is a linked list?
- (c) What do you mean by PUSH and POP operation in relation with stack?
- (d) What are the advantages of sequential search technique?
- (e) What is the basic technique involved in Bubble Sorting?
- (f) What is the prefix notation for representation of  $A+B-C$ ?
- (g) What is a directed graph?

3. Answer any three questions from the following:

4×3 = 12

- (a) What are the best case, worst case and average case of algorithm?
- (b) What do you mean by dynamic memory allocation? What are the functions used for allocating and deallocating memory? Give the meaning of those functions.
- (c) What type of data structure is used in Queue? Write an algorithm for inserting an element in a queue implemented as array.
- (d) What are the different types of Linked List? Mention the advantages of linked list over array.
- (e) What are the properties of a B-Tree?

4. Answer any two questions from the following:

5×2 = 10

(a) Write a brief note on static and dynamic implementation of stack.

(b) How are binary tree represented? Construct binary trees for the following data:

Pre order : 12 5 3 6 8 18 15 19

Post order : 3 8 6 5 15 19 18 12

(c) Write an algorithm for binary search. What is the worst case time complexity of binary search?

5. Answer any one questions from the following

10×1 = 10

- (a) Describe the procedure for inserting node in a single linked list.
- (b) When is insertion sort a good choice for sorting an array? Show all the passes using the Insertion Sorting Technique with the following list:  
11, 22, 37, 67, 13, 23, 45, 9, 343, 95, 178
- (c) What do you mean by Degree, Indegree and Out degree of graph? Describe briefly the Breadth First Search algorithm.